WEBINAR "TOXIC CHEMICALS IN CHILDREN'S TOYS"



WHY CHILDREN ARE MORE VULNERABLE TO TOXICS?

- pre-polluted before birth
- greater exposures to toxics for their body weight than adults
- Weaker ability to metabolize toxic chemicals
- children's early developmental processes are easily disrupted
- "windows of vulnerability"

Table 2. Differences in children and adults.

	Infants	Children	Teens	Adults	Reference
Surface area: body mass ratio (m²/kg)	Newborn 0.067	Young child 0.047	Older child 0.033	<u>Adult</u> 0.025	(35)
Respiratory ventilation rates Respiratory volume (mL/kg/breath) Alveolar surface area (m²) Respiration rate (breaths/min) Respiratory minute Ventillation rate ^a	Infant 10 3 40			Adult 10 75 15	(35)
Drinking water (tap) Mean intake (mL/kg/day)	< 1 year 43.5	<u>1–10 years</u> 35.5	11–19 years 18.2	20–64 years 19.9	(36)
Fruit consumption (g/kg/day) Citrus fruits Other fruits (including apples) Apples	<pre>< 1 year 1.9 12.9 5.0</pre>	<u>3–5 years</u> 2.6 5.8 3.0	12-19 years 1.1 1.1 0.4	40–69 years 0.9 1.3 0.4	(37)
Soil ingestion (mg/day) Pica child		500			(38)
Outdoor Indoor		Child age 2.5 years 50 60		<u>Adult</u> 20 ^b 0.4	
Differences in GI absorption of lead	Age 0-2 years 42-53%	Age 2-6 years 30-40%	Age 6-7 years 18-24%	<u>Adult</u> 7–15%	(39)

^{*}mL/kg body weight/m2 lung surface area/min. *Gardening for adults

Identifying Critical Windows of Exposure for Children's Health. Sherry G. Selevan, Carole A. Kimmel A and Pauline Mendola

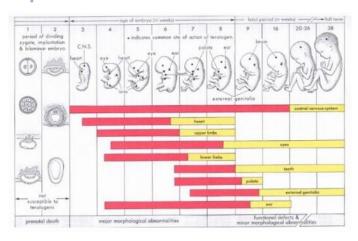


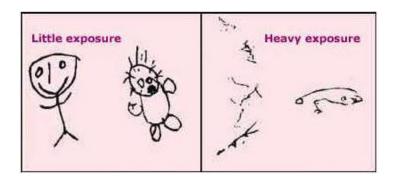
WHY CHILDREN ARE MORE VULNERABLE TO TOXICS?

The impact of endocrine disruptors in children



T. Colborn (1927-2014) "The timing makes the poison"





2 groups of 4-5-year-old Mexican children were asked to draw a person. These children share similar genetic backgrounds, diets, water mineral contents, cultural patterns, and social behaviours. The major difference was their exposure to pesticides.

2018 EEB campaign against toxic toys

Results of our <u>RAPEX research</u> (by Dec 2018) showed that **there** were more banned chemicals in toys than any other product type

- 290 toys found with illegal levels of toxic substances banned by the EU because they may cause cancer, autism, etc.
- 86% (250) were plastic toys, 150 were plastic dolls, 21 were modelling clays or slimes, 31 were balloons or balls.



2019 EEB campaign against toxic toys

Results of our RAPEX research (by Nov 2019):

- Toys were the single most problematic good blocked (542), followed by motor vehicles (462) and electrical appliances (162), though inspections are usually not random.
- Chemical risk was top one reason for blocking toys: 248 models of toy (likely tens of millions of units).

Of these:

- 228 (92%) were categorised as "serious risk"
- 219 (88%) came from China



2019 EEB campaign against toxic toys

- Around 50% were plastic and contaminated with phthalates
- 73 were dolls
- 62 were slime contaminated with boron
- 27 were soft or squeezable toys







EEB VIDEO



Toxic chemicals in children's toys

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZkbdFW6gGDM&feature=emb_logo



2020: toxic toys. AGAIN???

Results of quick RAPEX search:

537 toys blocked, 214 models of toy for chemical risk

Of these:

- 196 (92%) were categorised as "serious risk"
- 188 (88%) came from China
- 163 (76%) plastic, most of them phthalates (129)
- 80 were dolls
- 40 were slime contaminated with boron
- 13 were soft or squeezable toys





MAIN GAPS

Not sufficiently protective regulatory framework

- The EU <u>Toy Safety Directive</u> rules out production involving many harmful chemicals, but **neglects** others (e.g. **neuro and immune toxicants, EDCs**...).
- Chemicals in products: Different (even lacking) standards (e.g. childcare articles, carpets...)
- Plastics are barely regulated. Industry must supply <u>safety data</u> for most chemicals before they are used, while all **polymers** (main constituents of plastics) are **exempted**.
- Manufacturers are not required to label toy ingredients (when the toy is not a chemical substance or mixture).



Insufficient enforcement

- Inspectors are outnumbered and outgunned
- Uncontrolled imports-online sales



- Customs officers from four EU frontier countries checked 2.26 million Chinese plastic toys, blocked 722,598 from entering Europe after discovering illegal levels of phthalates and destroyed 31,590, according to a single joint enforcement <u>project</u>
- Of the contaminated toys, 92% carried the manufacturer's CE safety mark



Toxic recycling

Toxic (even banned) chemicals are increasingly being found in consumer products made of recycled materials

- Octa and Deca BDE in children's toys
- PBDE in food contact materials
- PAHs in rubber playgrounds









TOWARDS A TOXIC FREE FUTURE

EU Chemicals Strategy for Sustainability

New chemical detox plan for Europe includes:

- Generic ban more harmful chemicals in consumer products (incl. toys)
- Equal standards for childcare articles than toys
- Chemical cocktails better addressed
- Strengthened enforcement
- Same rules to virgin and recycled materials
- Polymers registration





TIPS

It is hard if not impossible to avoid harmful substances. However:

- **consumer groups** released a <u>summary</u> of all the toxic toys they have uncovered recently.
- WECF has produced a toys guide with plenty of useful buying tips.
- <u>AskREACH app</u> and <u>others</u> make it easier for you to exercise your legal right to know if any 'substances of very high concern' above a certain level are present in any product, including toys.
- Both the <u>Danish</u> government and <u>NGOs</u> have produced excellent guidance for pregnant, hopeful women and those breastfeeding.





THANK YOU!

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