The EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030 Bringing nature back into our lives

- state of play -

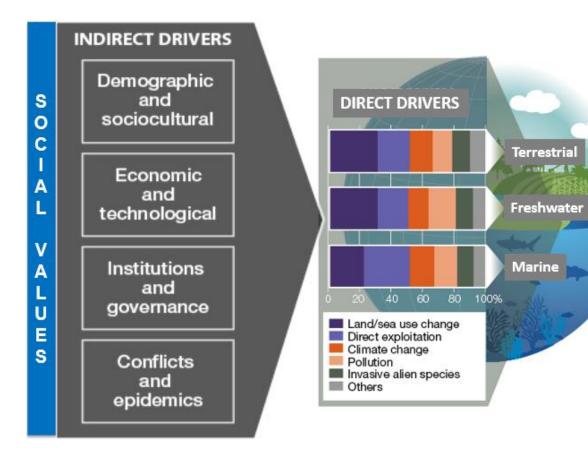
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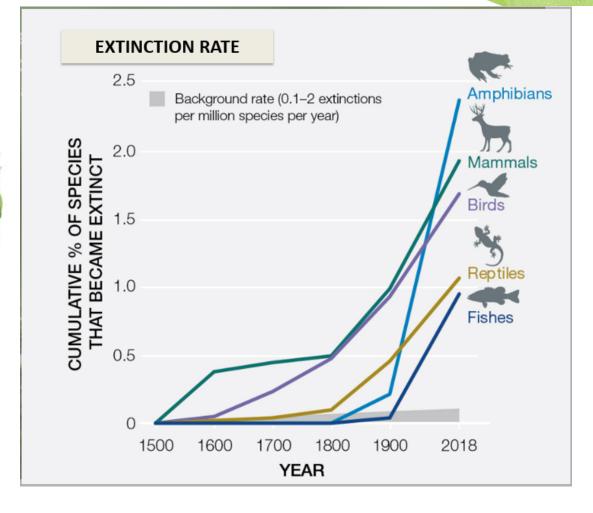






The global biodiversity crisis





Biodiversity underpins sustainable development

- Biodiversity loss: key threat for humanity
- Almost half of global GDP is linked to nature
- Connections between biodiversity loss, climate change and pandemics
- Restoring biodiversity core part of recovery



Elements of the EU Biodiversity Strategy





Protect Nature





Protect 30% of EU land and sea

- Based on Natura 2000 and nationally designated areas
- EU wide target, take into account specific situation in MS
- Integrate ecological corridors to build coherent network

Strictly protect a third of these areas

Covering areas of very high biodiversity value & important for mitigation and adaptation to climate change, including all primary and old growth forest



Restore Nature



EU Restoration Plan with 2030 commitments (1):

- ✓ Legally binding targets to be proposed in 2021
- No deterioration of any protected habitats and species by 2030: favourable status or positive trend for at least 30%
- ✓ Agroecology: Organic farming ≥25%
- ✓ Biodiverse landscape features ≥10%
- $\checkmark~$ 50% reduction of use and risk of pesticides
- ✓ Reduction of pollution from fertilisers by 50% and by ≥ 20% their use
- ✓ Plant 3 billion additional trees respecting ecological principles
- ✓ Reverse decline in pollinators



Restore Nature



EU Restoration Plan with 2030 commitments (2):

- Remediate contaminated soil sites
- > Restore ≥ 25,000km free flowing rivers
- New Urban Greening Platform: the Green City Accord
- Halve the number of 'red list' species threatened by Invasive Alien Species
- Reduction of damage to seabed, elimination/reduction of bycatch



Restore Nature



Legally binding restoration targets

- Subject to an IA, the Commission will put forward a proposal for legally binding EU nature restoration targets in 2021 to restore degraded ecosystems"...
- "in particular those with the most potential to capture and store carbon and to prevent and reduce the impact of natural disasters"…
- "This will identify the conditions in which the targets must be met, as well as the most effective measures to reach them"...
- "The IA will also look at the possibility of an EU-wide methodology to map, assess and achieve good condition of ecosystems so they can deliver benefits"…

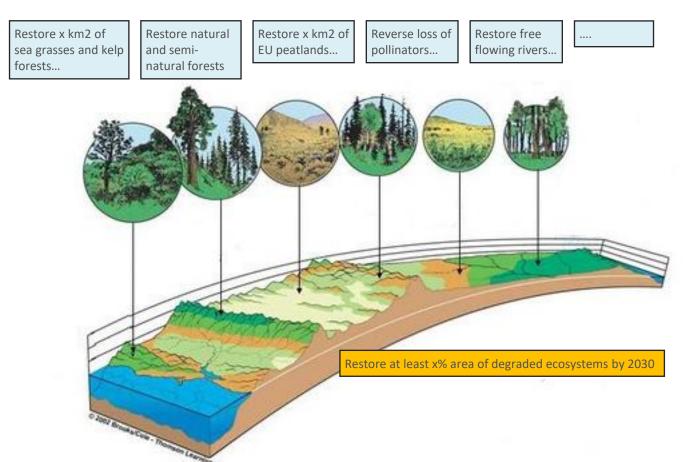


Options for Setting Restoration Targets

Option 3: Number of specific targets for ecosystems/ habitats or groups of species

> A combination of both Options 2 and 3...

Option 2: Broad target covering all or most EU ecosystems



A new legislation with targets for restoration:

- > Building on relevant EU legislation already in place
- > Addressing ecosystems, habitats or species that are not covered by existing EU legislation



Enable Transformative Change



- Governance framework
- Unlocking financing
- Business engagement
- Knowledge, education
- Promotion of Nature-Based Solutions



EU for an ambitious global agenda



EU's position for the post-2020 biodiversity framework

- 2050 goals in line with UN vision: "living in harmony with nature"
- Ambitious global 2030 goals and targets
- Improved means of implementation: finance, capacity, research, know-how and technology
- Much stronger implementation, monitoring and review
- A fair and equitable share of the benefits from the use of genetic resources linked to biodiversity.
- Equality, rights of IPLCs, involvement of all stakeholders

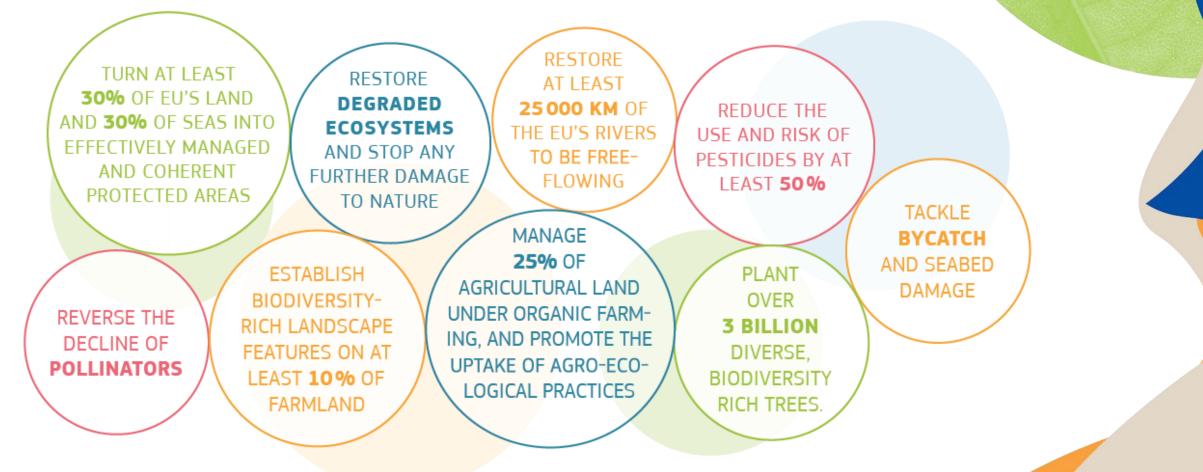


Main challenges ahead

- > Deliver more than 100 actions in the BDS, including a complex legislative proposal
- Ensure adequate resources MFF/recovery in difficult economic context
- CAP reform and strategic plans
- Accountability and review mechanism
- Keep global momentum in light of COP 15 postponement



To remember...





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



More info at: https://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/biodiversity/strategy/

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